

### non-pregnant female mice

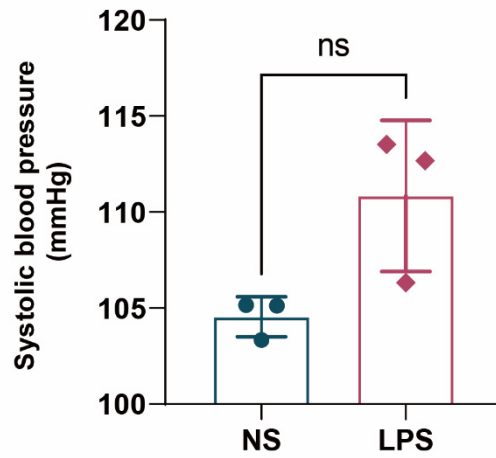


图 S1. LPS 诱导子痫前期模型对未孕雌性小鼠尾动脉收缩压的影响

Fig S1. Effect of the LPS-induced preeclampsia model on tail artery systolic blood pressure in non-pregnant female mice. Tail artery systolic blood pressure in non-pregnant female mice following intraperitoneal administration of either LPS (28–98  $\mu\text{g/kg}$ ) or an equivalent volume of normal saline (NS) for 6 days. Data are mean  $\pm$  SD ( $n = 3$  per group). No significant difference (ns) was observed ( $P > 0.05$ ).